

**Papua New Guinea**  
**National Gazette**

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No. G16]

PORT MORESBY, THURSDAY, 2nd MARCH

[1978

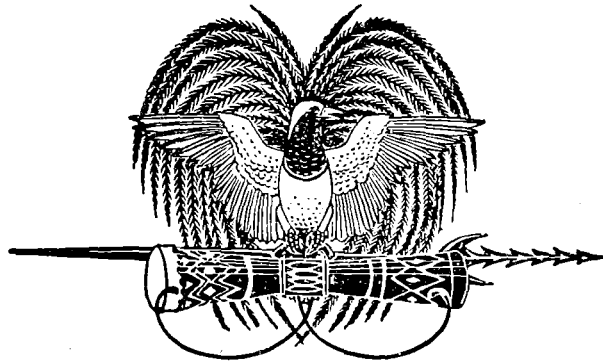
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THE CONSTITUTION:

ALTERATION TO AN ORGANIC LAW

The Honourable Member for Finschhafen Open, Mr. Zibang Zurecnuoc proposes to alter the Organic Law on Provincial Boundaries and pursuant to the requirements of the Constitution I, Kingsford Dibela, the Speaker of the National Parliament hereby publish the propose Law:



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THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA

PROPOSED LAW TO ALTER THE ORGANIC LAW  
ON PROVINCIAL BOUNDARIES.

*Provincial Boundaries (Amendment No. 3) Law*

ARRANGEMENT OF CLAUSES

1. Province (Amendment of Section 1)
2. Amendment of Schedule.

SCHEDULE 1. - North Morobe Province

SCHEDULE 2. - South Morobe Province

THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA  
PROPOSED LAW TO ALTER THE ORGANIC LAW ON PROVINCIAL BOUNDARIES  
entitled

*Provincial Boundaries (Amendment No. 3) Law,*

Being a Law to alter the Organic Law on Provincial Boundaries by providing for the division of the existing Morobe Province into two new provinces, namely North Morobe Province and South Morobe Province, and to specify the boundaries of those new provinces,

MADE by the National Parliament.

1. PROVINCE (AMENDMENT OF SECTION 1)

Section 1 of the Principal Law is amended -

- (a) by omitting "(l) Morobe Province" and
- (b) by inserting after "(n) Northern Province" the following:-

"(na) North Morobe Province", and

- (c) by inserting after "(o) Southern Highlands Province" the following:-

"(oa) South Morobe Province"

2. AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE

The Schedule to the Principal Law is amended -

- (a) by omitting the name and description of the boundaries of the Morobe Province, and
- (b) by inserting after the description of the boundaries of Northern Province the name and description specified in Schedule 1 of this Law, and
- (c) by inserting after the description of the boundaries of Southern Highlands Province the name and description specified in Schedule 2 of this Law.

SCHEDULE 1

"NORTH MOROBE PROVINCE"

Commencing at a point being the intersection of parallel 5 degrees 42 minutes south latitude with

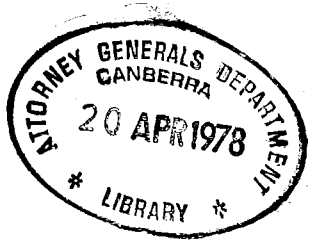
meridian 147 degrees east longitude and bounded thence on the north by the said parallel 5 degrees 42 minutes south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 147 degrees 30 minutes east longitude thence on the west by the said meridian 147 degrees 30 minutes east longitude due north to its intersection with parallel 5 degrees south latitude thence again on the north by the said parallel 5 degrees south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 148 degrees 17 minutes east longitude thence on the east by the said meridian 148 degrees 17 minutes east longitude due south to its intersection with parallel 7 degrees south latitude thence on the south by the said parallel 7 degrees south latitude due west to a point due south of the middle thread of the Mongi River at its mouth thence again on the west by a straight line due north to its intersection with the said middle thread of the Mongi River thence generally on the south-west by the said middle thread of the Mongi River upstream generally north-westerly to its intersection with parallel 6 degrees 37 minutes 45 seconds south latitude thence again on the south by the said parallel 6 degrees 37 minutes 45 seconds south latitude due west to its intersection with the watershed of the Bulu-Buhem Divide thence again generally on the South-west by the said watershed of the Bulu-Buhem Divide and the watersheds of the Rawlinson and Sarawaget Ranges and the watershed of the Ikwap-Kewieng Divide generally north-westerly to the intersection of the said watershed of the Ikwap-Kewieng Divide with parallel 6 degrees south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 146 degrees 30 minutes east longitude thence on the north-west by a straight line north-easterly to the point of commencement".

## SCHEDULE 2.

"SOUTH MOROBE PROVINCE

Commencing at a point being the intersection of parallel 6 degrees south latitude with the watershed of the IKWAP-Kewieng Divide and bounded thence generally on the north-east by the said watershed of the IKWAP-Kewieng Divide the watersheds of the Sarawaget and Rawlinson Ranges and the watershed of the Bulu-Buhem Divide generally south-easterly to the intersection of the said watershed of the Bulu-Buhem Divide with parallel 6 degrees 37 minutes 45 seconds south latitude thence on the north by the said parallel 6 degrees 37 minutes 45 seconds south latitude due east to its intersection with the middle thread of the Mongi River thence again generally on the north-east by the said middle thread of the Mongi River downstream generally south easterly to the mouth of the said Mongi River thence on the east by a straight line due south to its intersection with parallel 7 degrees south latitude thence again on the north by the said parallel 7 degrees south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 148 degrees 17 minutes east longitude thence again on the east by the said meridian 148 degrees 17 minutes east longitude due south its intersection with parallel 8 degrees south latitude being the common border between the former Territory of Papua and the former Territory of New Guinea thence on the south by the said common border due west to its intersection with meridian 147 degrees 15 minutes 45 seconds east longitude thence on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of parallel 8 degrees 2 minutes 30 seconds south latitude with meridian 147 degrees 12 minutes east longitude thence on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of the aforesaid common border between the former Territory of Papua and the former Territory of New Guinea with meridian 147 degrees 10 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the south and south-west by the said

common border due west and north-westerly to its intersection with the watershed of the Chapman Range thence again generally on the south-east and south-west by the said watershed of the Chapman Range and the watershed of the Eti-Waria Divide generally south-westerly and north-westerly to the intersection of the said watershed of the Eti-Waria Divide with the aforesaid common border between the former Territory of Papua and the former Territory of New Guinea thence again on the south-west by the said common border north-westerly to its intersection with meridian 146 degrees 24 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 7 degrees 33 minutes 15 seconds south latitude with meridian 146 degrees 7 minutes 15 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 7 degrees 31 minutes 45 seconds south latitude with meridian 146 degrees 5 minutes 15 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of the aforesaid common border between the former Territory of Papua and the former Territory of New Guinea with the watershed of the Kapau-Tauri Divide thence again on the south-west by the said common border north-westerly to its intersection with the watershed of the Vailala-Tauri Divide thence again generally on the north-west by the said watershed of the Vailala-Tauri Divide and the watershed of the Kratke Range generally north-easterly to the intersection of the said watershed of the Kratke Range with parallel 6 degrees 42 minutes south latitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-easterly to the intersection of the middle thread of the Yati River with meridian 146 degrees 8 minutes east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 6 degrees 6 minutes south latitude with the middle thread of the Ramu River thence again generally on the south-west by the said middle thread of the Ramu River downstream generally north-westerly to its intersection with the aforesaid parallel 6 degrees south latitude thence again on the north by the said parallel 6 degrees south latitude due east to the point of commencement."



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