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THE CONSTITUTION :

ALTERATION TO AN ORGANIC LAW

The Honourable Member for North Fly Open, Mr. Warren Dutton proposes to alter the *Organic Law on Provincial Boundaries* and pursuant to the requirements of the Constitution I, Kingsford Dibela, the Speaker of the National Parliament hereby publish the proposed Law -

THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA.

PROPOSED LAW TO ALTER THE ORGANIC LAW ON PROVINCIAL
BOUNDARIES.

Provincial Boundaries (Amendment No. 1) Law.

ARRANGEMENT OF CLAUSES.

1. Principal Law.
2. Province (Amendment of Section 1).
3. Amendment of Schedule.

SCHEDULE 1. - North Fly Province.

SCHEDULE 2. - South Fly Province.

THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA.
 PROPOSED LAW TO ALTER THE ORGANIC LAW ON PROVINCIAL
 BOUNDARIES,

entitled

Provincial Boundaries (Amendment No. 1) Law,

Being a Law to alter the Organic Law on Provincial Boundaries by providing for the division of the existing Western Province into two new provinces, namely North Fly Province and South Fly Province, and to specify the boundaries of those new provinces,

MADE by the National Parliament.

1. - PRINCIPAL LAW.

The Organic Law on Provincial Boundaries as amended to date is in this Law referred to as the Principal Law.

2. - PROVINCE (AMENDMENT OF SECTION 1).

Section 1 of the Principal Law is amended -

(a) by inserting after "(n) Northern Province." the following :-

"(na) North Fly Province."; and

(b) by omitting "(p) Western Province." and substituting the following :-

"(p) South Fly Province.".

3. - AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE.

The Schedule to the Principal Law is amended -

(a) by inserting after the description of the boundaries of the Northern Province the name and description specified in Schedule 1 of this Law; and

(b) by omitting the name and description of the boundaries of the Western Province and substituting the name and description specified in Schedule 2 of this Law.

Sec. 3(a).

SCHEDULE 1.

"NORTH FLY PROVINCE.

Commencing at a point being the intersection of the boundary between Indonesia and Papua New Guinea and the common border between the former Territory of Papua and the former Territory of New Guinea and bounded thence on the north-east by that common border south-easterly to its intersection with the middle thread of the Strickland River; thence generally on the south-east by that middle thread of the Strickland River downstream

Provincial Boundaries (Amendment No. 1)

generally south-westerly to its intersection with parallel $5^{\circ} 28' 30''$ south latitude; thence again on the north-east by a straight line south-easterly to the summit of Duna Peaks; thence again generally on the north-east by the watershed of the Karius Range generally south-easterly to the summit of Mount Gigira; thence on the east by a straight line due south to a point due west of the summit of Mount Agu at approximately parallel $6^{\circ} 49' 00''$ south latitude; thence on the north by a straight line due east to its intersection with meridian $143^{\circ} 00' 00''$ east longitude; thence again on the east by that meridian $143^{\circ} 00' 00''$ east longitude due south to its intersection with the middle thread of the Turama River at approximately parallel $7^{\circ} 01' 00''$ south latitude; thence again on the north-east by a straight line the prolongation of which would pass through the seaward extremity of Bell Point south-easterly to its intersection with parallel $7^{\circ} 14' 15''$ south latitude; thence on the south by that parallel $7^{\circ} 14' 15''$ south latitude due west to its intersection with the middle thread of the Strickland River at approximately meridian $141^{\circ} 48' 00''$ east longitude; thence again generally on the south-east by that middle thread of the Strickland River and the middle thread of the Fly River downstream generally south-westerly to the intersection of the middle thread of the Fly River with parallel $7^{\circ} 41' 30''$ south latitude; thence again on the south by that parallel $7^{\circ} 41' 30''$ south latitude due west to its intersection with the boundary between Indonesia and Papua New Guinea; thence on the west by that boundary due north to the point of commencement."

Sec. 3(b).

SCHEDULE 2.

"SOUTH FLY PROVINCE.

Commencing at a point being the intersection of the boundary between Papua New Guinea and Indonesia with parallel $7^{\circ} 41' 30''$ south latitude and bounded thence on the north by that parallel $7^{\circ} 41' 30''$ south latitude due east to its intersection with the middle thread of the Fly River; thence generally on the north-west by the middle thread of the Fly River and the middle thread of the Strickland River upstream generally north-easterly to the intersection of the middle thread of the Strickland River with parallel $7^{\circ} 14' 15''$ south latitude; thence again on the north by that parallel $7^{\circ} 14' 15''$ south latitude due east to its intersection with a straight line joining the intersection of meridian $143^{\circ} 00' 00''$ east longitude with the middle thread of the Turama River and the seaward extremity of Bell Point; thence on the north-east by part of that straight line joining the intersection of meridian $143^{\circ} 00' 00''$ east longitude with the middle thread of the Turama River and the seaward extremity of Bell Point south-easterly to the seaward extremity of Bell Point; thence on the east by a straight line due south to its intersection with the border between Papua New Guinea and Australia; thence generally on the south by that border generally westerly to its intersection with the border between Papua New Guinea and Indonesia; thence on the west by that border due north to the point of commencement."